

Patient Name : Demo Patient Name
Age / Sex : 28 Y / F
Referred By : DEMO HOSPITAL
Centre : HOD Head Office

Lab No : Demo Visit No
Registration On : 21-Jan-25 12:51
Patient ID : UHID.DEMO.001

Prolactin				Serum Sample
Accession No: DEMO_BARCODE		Collected On: 21-Jan-25 12:51	Received On: 21-Jan-25 14:00	Approved On: 21-Jan-25 16:35
Observation	Result	Unit	Biological Ref. Interval	Method
Prolactin	8.7	ng/mL	2.8-29.2	CLIA

Clinical Significance of Prolactin:
Consistently elevated serum prolactin levels greater than 30 ng/mL in the absence of pregnancy and postpartum lactation are indicative of hyperprolactinemia, which is the most common hypothalamic-pituitary dysfunction encountered in clinical endocrinology. Hyperprolactinemia often results in galactorrhea, amenorrhea, and infertility in females, and in impotence and hypogonadism in males. Renal failure, hypothyroidism, and prolactin-secreting pituitary adenomas are also common causes of abnormally elevated prolactin levels.

Remarks: Please correlate results clinically.



This is a Demo Signature
and the doctor's signature should appear here

In case of any unexpected or alarming results, please contact us immediately for re-confirmation, clarifications, and rectifications, if needed.

